CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Just Detention International

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Just Detention International (a non-profit organization), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, and the related consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Just Detention International as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Just Detention International and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Just Detention International's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Just Detention International's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Just Detention International's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of

America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 19, 2024, on our consideration of Just Detention International's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Just Detention International's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Just Detention International's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ROJAS & ASSOCIATES, CPAs

Nos & Carsonets CPAS

Newport Beach, California February 19, 2024

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

| ASSETS | |
|--|---------------------------|
| Current Assets: | ¢ 2 000 524 |
| Cash and cash equivalents Investments | \$ 2,880,524 1,835,334 |
| Accounts receivable | 624,931 |
| Contributions receivable, current portion | 492,748 |
| Prepaid expenses | 28,920 |
| Total current assets | 5,862,457 |
| Total Cultent assets | |
| OTHER ASSETS | |
| Property and equipment, net | 20,231 |
| Deposits | 18,846 |
| Contributions receivable, less current portion | 342,356 |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets | 503,572 |
| Total other assets | <u>885,005</u> |
| TOTAL ASSETS | <u>\$ 6,747,462</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | |
| Current Liabilities: | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ 150,218 |
| Operating lease right-of-use liabilities | 119,377 |
| Deferred revenue | <u>295,544</u> |
| Total current liabilities | 565,139 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | |
| Operating lease right-of-use liabilities | 418,396 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 418,396 |
| TOTAL LIABILITYES | 002.525 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 983,535 |
| Net Assets: | |
| Without donor restrictions | 4,573,554 |
| With donor restrictions | _1,190,373 |
| Total net assets | 5,763,927 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | <u>\$ 6,747,462</u> |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Net Assets Without Donor <u>Restrictions</u> | Net Assets With Donor <u>Restriction</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|--|---|--|---------------------------|
| REVENUES AND OTHER SUPPORT | | | |
| Contributions | \$ 738,321 | \$1,255,630 | \$ 1,993,951 |
| Government grants | 1,367,561 | - | 1,367,561 |
| Loss on foreign exchange transactions, net | (36,110) | - | (36,110) |
| Interest and other income | 505,982 | | 505,982 |
| TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER SUPPORT | 2,575,754 | 1,255,630 | 3,831,384 |
| Net assets released from restrictions | 530,730 | (_530,730) | _ |
| | 3,106,484 | 724,900 | 3,831,384 |
| EXPENSES | | | |
| Program expenses | 2,744,701 | - | 2,744,701 |
| Supporting services expenses | | | |
| Administration | 189,480 | - | 189,480 |
| Fundraising | 189,943 | | 189,943 |
| Total supporting services expenses | <u>379,423</u> | | 379,423 |
| TOTAL EXPENSES | 3,124,124 | - | 3,124,124 |
| CHANGE IN NET ASSETS | (17,640) | 724,900 | 707,260 |
| NET ASSETS | | | |
| BEGINNING OF THE YEAR END OF THE YEAR | 4,591,194 \$ 4,573,554 | 465,473 \$1,190,373 | 5,056,667 \$ 5,763,927 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| | Program Services | Administration | Fundraising | Total |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Salaries | \$1,622,874 | \$ 110,651 | \$ 110,651 | \$1,844,176 |
| Consultants | 207,450 | 14,144 | 14,144 | 235,738 |
| Employee benefits | 220,146 | 15,010 | 15,010 | 250,166 |
| Rent | 154,711 | 10,549 | 10,549 | 175,809 |
| Payroll taxes | 129,254 | 8,813 | 8,813 | 146,880 |
| Professional Fees | 85,280 | 5,815 | 5,815 | 96,910 |
| Office Supplies | 71,958 | 4,907 | 4,907 | 81,772 |
| Travel | 66,631 | - | 3,507 | 70,138 |
| Printing and Publications | 14,682 | - | 1,631 | 16,313 |
| Postage and Delivery | 34,086 | 2,324 | 2,324 | 38,734 |
| Telephone and Internet | 22,811 | 1,555 | 1,555 | 25,921 |
| Online Communications | 21,543 | 1,469 | 1,469 | 24,481 |
| Survivor Outreach and Meetings | 27,815 | - | 6,954 | 34,769 |
| Staff and Board Development | 27,134 | 11,629 | - | 38,763 |
| Website | 8,907 | 607 | 607 | 10,121 |
| Dues and Subscriptions | 8,579 | 585 | 585 | 9,749 |
| Insurance | 6,653 | 454 | 454 | 7,561 |
| Technical Support | 6,912 | 471 | 471 | 7,854 |
| Depreciation Expense | 4,441 | 303 | 303 | 5,047 |
| Equipment Leases | 2,356 | 161 | 161 | 2,678 |
| Staff Recruitment | 220 | 15 | 15 | 250 |
| Permits and Licenses | 258 | 18 | 18 | 294 |
| TOTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES | <u>\$2,744,701</u> | <u>\$ 189,480</u> | <u>\$ 189,943</u> | <u>\$3,124,124</u> |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
|---|--------|---|
| Change in net assets | \$ | 707,260 |
| Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net | | |
| cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation | | 5,047 |
| Net realized and unrealized (gain) loss | (| 19,745) |
| Sale of donated securities | | 100,524 |
| Receipt of donated securities | (| 100,524) |
| Changes in operating lease right-of-use assets and liabilities | | 15,168 |
| Increase in accounts receivable | (| 357,397) |
| Increase in contributions receivable | (| 369,631) |
| Increase in prepaid expenses | (| 840) |
| Increase in deposits | (| 6,639) |
| Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses | | 15,081 |
| Increase in deferred revenue | | 295,544 |
| | | |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITES | _ | 283,848 |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITES CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | _ | 283,848 |
| | _ | 283,848 3,391,126) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | (| <u> </u> |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of securities | (| 3,391,126) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of securities Sale of securities | ((| 3,391,126) 2,173,000 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of securities Sale of securities Purchase of fixed assets | ((| 3,391,126) 2,173,000 8,144) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of securities Sale of securities Purchase of fixed assets NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES | (| 3,391,126) 2,173,000 8,144) 1,226,270) |

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ORGANIZATION

Just Detention International ("JDI" or the "Organization") is a health and human rights organization that seeks to end sexual abuse in all forms of detention. Founded in 1980, JDI is the only organization in the U.S., and the world, dedicated exclusively to ending sexual abuse behind bars. JDI holds government officials accountable for prisoner rape; challenges the attitudes and misperceptions that allow sexual abuse to flourish; and makes sure that survivors get the help they need. In addition, the Organization founded Just Detention International South Africa Trust (the "Trust"). The Trust, located in Johannesburg, South Africa, was incorporated in November 2013 and shares the same goals as the Organization. The Trust is included in the consolidated financial statements of the Organization as a result of common control. The Organization's primary sources of revenue are contributions from individuals and foundations and government grants.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

Consolidated financial statement presentation follows the recommendations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board in its accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, JDI and the Trust are required to report their financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions, based upon the presence or absence of donor or grantor imposed restrictions. All interorganizational accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

B. Grants and Contributions

Grants and contributions are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give to the Organization that is, in substance, unconditional. Grants and contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as increases in net assets with donor restriction. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without restrictions. Net assets with donor restrictions are restricted for use in specific periods or programs of the Organization. Also see Note 8.

Reimbursements for project costs under government grants are recognized when costs are incurred in accordance with the applicable grant agreements. JDI submits funding requests to the cognizant agency(ies) monthly or quarterly, based upon its expenditures under the grants. As of June 30, 2023, accounts receivable consists largely of reimbursements due under government grants for costs incurred before year end. Management has evaluated the receivables and believes them to be fully collectible. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary.

C. Donated Securities

The Organization receives donated securities, which are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices on the date of the donation. It is JDI's policy to sell donated securities immediately. Donated securities totaled \$100,524 in the year ended June 30, 2023, and are included in contributions.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Tax-Exempt Status

The Organization is a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the state of New York and recognized as a non-profit organization by California and Washington, D.C. The Organization is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and exempt from state franchise or income tax under section 23701d of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. Accordingly, no provisions for income taxes or related credits are included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

F. Contributions Receivable

Contributions receivable are estimated based on contributions promised on or before June 30, 2023 for which payment had not yet been received. Management has evaluated the receivables and believes them to be fully collectible. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary.

Contributions receivable as of June 30, 2023 include \$492,748 due within one year and \$342,356 due in one to five years. Contributions expected to be collected after one year, totaling \$342,356, are discounted to present value at the rate of 3.79% and are reported net. The discount rate is the Applicable Federal Rate for June 2023 obtained from the IRS. The aggregate discount is \$17,699. Amortization of the discount is reported as a contribution and reflected as an increase in the related net asset class in the statement of activities.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

JDI considers short-term investments with initial maturities of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and deposits in banks and brokerage accounts.

H. Investment Valuation

GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes valuation inputs into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market. Management has valued its donated securities using level 1 inputs.

Level 1- Inputs are quoted prices in an active market.

Level 2- Inputs are quoted prices for similar instruments and model based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market or can be corroborated by observable market data.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Level 3- Inputs are generally unobservable and typically reflect management's estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

I. Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing JDI's program and other activities are reported on a functional basis in the consolidated statement of functional expenses. Expenditures that can be identified with a specific program or supporting service are allocated directly according to their purpose. Costs that are common to more than one function are allocated among the applicable programs and supporting services based on employees' time records using percentages that represent their hours spent or salaries.

J. New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted in Current Year

ASU No. 2016-02

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") established Topic 842, Leases, by issuing Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2016-02, which requires lessees to recognize leases on-balance sheet and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. Topic 842 was subsequently amended by ASU No. 2018-01, Land Easement Practical Expedient for Transition Topic 842; ASU No. 2018-10, Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases; and ASU No. 2018-11, Targeted Improvements. The new standard establishes a right-of-use model (ROU) that requires a lessee to recognize a ROU asset and lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with a term longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern and classification of expense recognition in the income statement.

A modified retrospective transition approach is required, applying the new standard to all leases existing at the date of initial application. We adopted the new standard effective July 1, 2022 as our date of initial application. Consequently, financial information will not be updated and the disclosures required under the new standard will not be provided for dates and periods before July 1, 2022.

The new standard provides a number of optional practical expedients in transition. We have elected the 'package of practical expedients', which permits us not to reassess under the new standard our prior conclusions about lease identification, lease classification and initial direct costs. We do not elect the use-of-hindsight or the practical expedient pertaining to land easements; the latter not being applicable to us.

The new standard also provides practical expedients for an entity's ongoing accounting. We elect the short-term lease exemption for lessees related to our real estate leases. For those leases that qualify, we will not recognize ROU assets or lease liabilities, and this includes not recognizing ROU assets or lease liabilities for existing short-term leases of those assets in transition.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

ASU No. 2021-09

In November 2021, the FASB published ASU 2021-09, Leases (Topic 842): Lessors – Discount Rate for Lessees That Are Not Public Business Entities, which provides nonpublic business entity lessees with a practical expedient to elect, as an accounting policy, to use a risk-free rate as the discount rate by class of underlying asset. ASU 2021-09 requires the use of the rate implicit in the lease when readily determinable regardless of the election. We adopted the new standard effective July 1, 2022 as our date of the initial application.

We have elected the practical expedient to use a risk-free rate as the discount rate for our real estate leases.

The financial statement impact of the adoption of these standards is as follows:

| | July 1, 2022, Pre-Implementation | July 1, 2022, <u>Post-Implementation</u> | <u>Change</u> |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|---------------|
| Operating lease right-of-use assets | - | 211,500 | 211,500 |
| Operating lease right-of-use liabilities | - | 227,030 | 227,030 |
| Deferred rent | 15,530 | - | (15,530) |

NOTE 3. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment are reported at cost, or fair value on the date of donation, and are depreciated over their estimated useful lives of three to five years using the straight line method. Individual property and equipment acquisitions exceeding a cost of \$1,000 are capitalized. At June 30, 2023, property and equipment consisted of the following:

| Office Equipment | \$ 77,144 |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| Leasehold Improvements | 7,613 |
| Less: Accumulated Depreciation | $(\underline{64,526})$ |
| Net Property and Equipment | \$ 20,231 |

NOTE 4. INVESTMENTS

Investments measured at fair value on a recurring basis have been categorized into the fair value hierarchy as follows at June 30, 2023:

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | <u>Total</u> |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Mutual funds U.S. Treasury bills | \$ 78,471 _1,756,863 | Ψ | - \$ - - - | \$ 78,471 _1,756,863 |
| Total | <u>\$1,835,334</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u> </u> | \$1,835,334 |

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 5. LEASES

JDI leases office space in Los Angeles and Washington D.C. under agreements expiring in 2028 and 2026, respectively.

Operating Leases

The following table provides supplemental balance sheet classification information related to leases:

| | • 0 |
|--|----------------------|
| | <u>June 30, 2023</u> |
| Assets | |
| Lease assets | <u>\$ 503,572</u> |
| Liabilities | |
| Current portion of lease liabilities | \$ 119,377 |
| Noncurrent lease liabilities | 418,396 |
| Total lease liabilities | <u>\$ 537,773</u> |
| The following table provides components of lease cost: | |
| | Year Ended |
| | <u>June 30, 2023</u> |
| Operating lease costs | <u>\$ 85,678</u> |

Maturities of lease liabilities listed below. Amounts in the table include options to extend lease terms that are reasonably certain of being exercised.

| Fiscal Y | ear |
|----------|-----|
|----------|-----|

| 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 | \$ | 134,028 138,052 142,195 90,491 73,177 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|---|
| Total lease payments | | 577,943 |
| Less amount representing interest | _ | 40,170 |
| Present value of lease liabilities | <u>\$</u> | 537,773 |

The following table provides the weighted-average lease term and discount rate for leases:

| | <u>June 30, 2023</u> |
|---|----------------------|
| Weighted-average remaining lease term (years) | 4.26 |
| Weighted-average discount rate | 3.0% |

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 6. EMPLOYER RETENTION CREDIT

JDI applied for the employer retention credits related to wages paid from January 1, 2021, through September 31, 2021, in the amount of \$343,130. These credits were approved in June 2023, and paid in July 2023. Accordingly, the revenue and receivable related to the credit in the amount of \$343,130 was recorded in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 7. RETIREMENT PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

JDI has established a defined contribution retirement plan for the benefit of its employees. All employees are eligible to participate after six months of service. JDI contributes an amount equal to 7% of each participant's compensation to the plan. Contributions to the plan totaled \$111,069 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 8. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Organization maintains cash and investment accounts at several financial institutions. Cash balances in U.S. institutions are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000 per bank. At June 30, 2023, uninsured balances in the U.S. institutions totaled \$3,784,216. Trust cash totaling \$317,678 was held at First National Bank, a division of First Rand Bank Limited of South Africa, and is not covered by deposit insurance.

NOTE 9. NET ASSETS

Net assets with donor restrictions were as follows for the year ended June 30, 2023:

| Specific Purpose Great warden's project South Africa program | \$ 703,628 486,745 |
|--|-----------------------|
| Total specific purpose | 1,190,373 |
| Total | \$ 1,190,373 |

Net assets released from net assets with donor restrictions during the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

| Satisfaction of Purpose Restrictions Great warden's project South Africa program | \$ | 135,703 215,027 |
|--|----|--------------------|
| Total satisfaction of purpose restrictions | _ | 350,730 |
| Satisfaction of Time Restrictions Receipt of contributions receivable | | 180,000 |
| Total | \$ | 530,730 |

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10. RESTRICTED TRUST ASSETS

The trust is registered with the Master of the High Court in South Africa under the Trust Property Control Act of 1988, and, as such all of the Trust's net assets are prohibited from being transferred to JDI's U.S. operations or offices. The total restricted in this manner as of June 30, 2023, was \$486,745, which includes net assets restricted for the South African Program shown in Note 8. There are no restrictions on transfers from JDI's U.S. operations or offices to the Trust.

NOTE 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through, February 19, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no subsequent events that required recognition or additional disclosures in these financial statements.

NOTE 12. LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY

Financial assets available for expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the statement of financial position, comprise the following at June 30, 2023:

| Cash and cash equivalents Investments Contributions receivable Accounts receivable | \$ 2,880,524 1,835,334 835,104 624,931 |
|---|---|
| Total Financial Assets | 6,175,893 |
| Less financial assets unavailable for general purposes Donor restrictions Noncurrent receivable | 1,190,373 342,356 |
| Financial Assets Available to Meet Cash Needs For General Expenditures within One Year | <u>\$ 4,643,164</u> |

JDI has a practice of keeping three to six months of anticipated operating expenses in cash reserves.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2023

| Federal Grantor/ Pass- Through Grantor/ Program of Cluster Title U.S. Department of Justice | Federal Assistance Listing <u>Number</u> | Identifying <u>Number</u> | Federal <u>Expenditures</u> |
|--|---|--|---|
| Office of Violence Against Women (2019) Office of Violence Against Women (2022) Office for Victims of Crime Cal OE#S (01/01/2022 – 12/31/2022) Cal OE#S (01/01/2023 – 12/31/2023) Pennsylvania Coalition Against Rape (Male Survivors) | 16.526 16.526 16.582 16.588 16.588 | 2019-TA-AX-5017 15JOVW-22-GK-03999-MUMU 15POVC-22-GK-01053-NONF AP21-07-8671 AP22-08-8671 15JOVW-21-GK-02215-MUMU | \$ 22,059 120,732 131,716 86,755 105,075 11,465 477,802 |
| Bureau of Justice Assistance PRC-IJ TTA/SBTTA (Category 4) PRC 2020-Category 3 Hualapai Juvenile Detention & Rehabilitation Center County of Somerset New Jersey County of Bexar – State of Texas Cuyahoga County Juvenile Court | 16.812 16.812 16.735 16.735 16.735 | 2019-RP-BX-K001 2019-RP-BX-K001 2018-RP-BX-K001 2018-RP-BX-K001 2018-RP-BX-K001 2018-RP-BX-K001 | 567,348 115,095 31,321 15,706 1,178 17,698 748,346 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AV | WARDS | | <u>\$1,226,148</u> |

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Just Detention International under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations ("CFR") part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of JDI, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of JDI.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- 2. Just Detention International has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors
Just Detention International

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the consolidated financial statements of Just Detention International, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, and the related consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 19, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated financial statements, we considered Just Detention International's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Just Detention International's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Just Detention International's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design of operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination or deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Just Detention International's consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatements, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of consolidated financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness on Just Detention International's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Just Detention International's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ROJAS & ASSOCIATES, CPAs

Nojo & Carsoneto, CPAS

Newport Beach, California

February 19, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Directors
Just Detention International

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Just Detention International's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Just Detention International's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023. Just Detention International's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Just Detention International complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Just Detention International and to meet other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Just Detention International's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements, laws, statues, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Just Detention International's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and to express an opinion on Just Detention International's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Just Detention International's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance:

- We exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- We identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Just Detention International's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances.
- We obtain an understanding of Just Detention International's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Just Detention International's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination or deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

ROJAS & ASSOCIATES, CPAs

Nos & Carsonets, CPAS

Newport Beach, California February 19, 2024

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2023

Section I- Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued

Unmodified

Internal Control over financial reporting

Material weakness identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered

material weaknesses? None reported

Noncompliance material to consolidated financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over financing reporting

Material weakness identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered

material weaknesses? None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

accordance with 2CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major program

Department of Justice

16.812 Second Chance Act Reentry Initiative

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and

type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Section II- Financial Statement Findings

No matters were reported.

Section III- Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.